On the Construction and Development of Local Literature in College Libraries in Ethnic Areas

-- The Kamba Document Library of Sichuan Minzu University as an Example

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Abstract. Libraries of colleges and universities in ethnic minority areas play an important role in serving ethnic minority students. However, with the times in the context of continuous development, there are many problems in the construction of local literature in the libraries of colleges and universities in ethnic minority areas, which need to be strengthened urgently. In this paper, through the investigation and analysis of the current situation of the construction of the Kangba Literature Library in the library of Sichuan Institute for Nationalities, the countermeasures to strengthen the construction of the local literature library in the libraries of colleges and universities in ethnic minority areas are put forward. Hopefully, it can be beneficial to the construction of Kamba Literature Library in the libraries of colleges and universities in minority areas. At the same time, it is also hoped that the relevant departments can pay attention to this problem and take practical and effective measures to promote the development of the construction of literature libraries in college libraries in ethnic minority areas.

Keywords: Minority Areas; College Libraries; Professional Team Resources; Building Utilization.

1. Introduction

There are great shortcomings in the construction and development of the Kumba Literature Library of the university libraries in minority areas, especially the lack of a professional team of minority libraries with a high level, which not only affects the development of the cause of the university libraries in minority areas, but also restricts the further development of the cause of the university libraries in ethnic areas, which leads to a serious lag in the construction and development of the university libraries in minority areas, and makes the library's Utilization and service capacity can not meet the social demand, especially the construction of library professional talent team is of great significance to improve the service level of the library, enhance the utilization efficiency of the collection of information resources, and promote the development of the library cause, so it is urgent to strengthen the literature collection and professional team construction of university libraries in minority areas.

2. Situation of the Library of Sichuan University for Nationalities

Kangba Literature Library is a literature library with local characteristics set up under the library of Sichuan Institute for Nationalities, which was built in May 2006 as a library with characteristic literature collection, and it concentrates on the collection of tens of thousands of books in our school, including teaching books, professional books, periodicals and magazines, tools and newspapers of various colleges and universities. The collection of literature is rich in resources, complete, with high academic value and practical value[1] . With a collection of more than 20,000 books, more than 10,000 e-books, and nearly 1,000 Chinese and foreign language periodicals, the Literature Library is a comprehensive and modernized collection integrating literature and information service, teaching and scientific research consulting, academic exchanges, book lending, and culture and entertainment. The books in the collection mainly come from the library collections published publicly at home and abroad, including all kinds of Chinese and foreign language periodicals, newspapers, magazines, e-books, electronic resources, databases and so on. The books in the collection are of various kinds, divided into different categories, rich in content and complete in variety, which can meet the needs...
of readers at different levels. Among them, there are good Chinese ancient books, original foreign language dictionaries, Chinese and foreign language periodicals, electronic books, databases and audio-visual products. In addition, the storage of a certain type of information, such as Tibetan medicine, painting and so on comprehensive: there are many precious folk materials, such as there are many parts of the biography of King Gesar. The full set of information has more than 1,300 letters, 280,000 sheets we now see on the cabinet is placed on the ambrosia, the bag Tibetan paintings, Tibetan table placed, Zhu Dan printed Ganjur 10th letter about the astronomical content of the ink printed Ganjur 102nd letter about the content of the calendar.

In particular, the library of Sichuan University for Nationalities should carry the concept of building an ecological library throughout, and strive to realize the sustainable development of library construction. The construction goal of the library of Sichuan University for Nationalities is to serve the society, students and readers, to give full play to the advantages of the collection of resources, to provide a good service environment for teachers and students, and to cultivate qualified citizens for the society. In the process of construction, the library of Sichuan University for Nationalities adheres to scientific management, standardized operation, careful design and innovative development, and strives to build a high standard, high quality, high efficiency and modernization of the library[2] . In order to better meet the needs of teachers and students, the library will continue to strengthen its internal management, improve its service functions, enhance its service quality, and win the trust and praise from all walks of life with its high-quality services. At the same time, the library of Sichuan University for Nationalities will continue to adhere to the principle of people-oriented, constantly improve the conditions of running the library, and strive to create a safe, comfortable, civilized and clean learning environment for the majority of teachers and students to provide a good learning and living environment.

3. The Importance of the Utilization of the Resources of the Kamba Document Library

Kamba Literature Library is located in the first basement floor of the library of Sichuan Institute for Nationalities in Area A, with a collection of more than 10,000 books.[3] is a comprehensive library integrating academic research, teaching practice, popularization of science, and literature and information service. The collection is rich in literature resources, including Chinese and foreign language books and periodicals, newspapers, journals, electronic publications, audio-visual products, computer software, Internet publications, etc. The library is open to the public 35 hours a week and on holidays. The library is open to the public for 35 hours a week and closed on holidays, and has a collection of nearly one hundred periodicals, including the national-level periodical "Chinese Tibetology". The construction of the library of the College of Ethnic Studies is an important part of the cultural construction of the school, and also an important guarantee for improving the quality of teaching. Since its establishment, the library has made remarkable achievements by actively carrying out various tasks under the care and support of leaders at all levels. At present, the collection of literature resources, large-scale collection of books, complete varieties, advanced facilities, perfect service management standard, is a library, information center, reading room, electronic reading room, automatic lending and returning machines, multimedia classrooms, computer network systems, electronic monitoring system, distance education department as one of the comprehensive cultural service center.

In recent years, the library has become more and more popular among teachers and students, with a rich collection of resources and a complete range of books to meet the needs of readers at different levels. In addition, Kampa Document Library has also carried out a series of cultural activities, such as organizing "Tibetan Medicine Culture Lecture", "Tibetan Medicine Lecture", "Chinese Medicine Knowledge Contest", "National Unity and Progress Propaganda Month" and other activities, which provide the general public with a platform for learning, communication and entertainment. At the same time, kangba library also actively participate in social welfare undertakings, to carry out various forms of voluntary service activities, has organized a number of clinic activities, by the community's praise. At present, Kampa Document Library has become an important window for Tibetan people to
understand Kampa culture and inherit Kampa culture. At the same time, Kampa Literature Library actively exerts its own advantages, integrates literature resources on a national scale, and establishes a literature database covering the whole country.

4. Problems in the Utilization of the Resources of the Kamba Document Library

From the statistics of the data, it seems that the number of student readers who came to the Kumbha Literature Library for borrowing is the highest, 42,000, accounting for 45.6% of the total number of visits. The next highest number of students came to the electronic reading room, which accounted for 3.4% of the total number of visits. In addition, there are a small number of students majoring in natural sciences, social sciences and humanities[4]. However, the readers' utilization rate of the documents and materials of Kamba Literature Library is very low, or even can be said to be none. This is because the collection resources of Kampa Literature Library mainly focus on Tibetan ancient books, and the utilization rate of other literature is very low. Among them there is a great lack of professional staff guidance. Most of the staff of the Kampar Document Library are local people who know little about Tibetan culture, let alone how to make use of the literature.

Furthermore, the publicity work is not in place, although the Kumba Museum of Documentation is a national key cultural relics protection units, but due to the lack of publicity, many outsiders do not know this place, and even some people do not know where the Kumba Museum of Documentation. And the financial support also have to hate the problem.

The funding for the construction of the Kampa Documentation Center came mainly from government appropriations, and the lack of funding made it impossible to guarantee the quality of the project. The opening of the Kanba Documentation Library has not been widely noticed by the community, and many people do not even know about this place. In order to build this library, the government has invested a lot of money, coupled with the scattered collection of literature resources and insufficient funds, resulting in the collection of literature resources are not highly utilized, especially the collection of books on ancient Chinese history, because there is no one to manage the books, so a lot of books are damaged, resulting in a serious waste of resources. At the same time, the lack of literature resources in the collection also affects the progress of academic research.

(1) The small number and weak quality of the professional team of the Kamba Documentation Center

The development of the overall team of minority libraries in China is unbalanced, and a complete system of minority libraries has not yet been formed nationwide to meet the needs of the society, and there are problems of irrational structure of talents, lack of professionals, and low management level of minority library workers all over the country. In particular, the quality of library practitioners is not high, leading to confusion in library management and a decline in service quality. In addition, the economy of ethnic minority areas is relatively backward, the development of cultural undertakings has been greatly impacted, and the task of building the talent team of college libraries is very difficult. Many people have not been able to see the important role played by library information work in the development of cultural undertakings and scientific and technological production, and the public holds the influence of misunderstanding of libraries, thinking that it is an unworthy behavior and lack of necessary professional knowledge and skills, which causes the problem of insufficient talent team in college libraries. The low level of education leads to their lack of understanding of the deeper connotation of the library business and their inability to provide high-level services to the readers, which leads to the limitation of the development of libraries.

(2) Inadequate funding and systems

The local economy of Ganzi Prefecture is underdeveloped, and the financial income and expenditure are not much, and although the expenses for the collection of data and information are gradually increasing, there are still deficiencies, and there is a lack of an effective mechanism for the collection of data and a system for the management of submissions, and there is no establishment of a scientific incentive mechanism, and the work of sorting out the data is not carried out in many places, and the
libraries of Ganzi Prefecture have found that the heat of the precious Kham materials of the late Ming Dynasty, which have been dispersed in China, cannot be collected due to financial constraints and other problems. The Ganzi State Library, in its data investigation activities, found that the heat was scattered in the country in the late Ming Dynasty, but due to financial constraints and other problems, it was unable to carry out the collection work.

(3) Incomplete scope of collection

The collection of the types of Khampa literature is not comprehensive; among the Tibetan literature, only a few documents record the activities of the Ba people, while most of the other documents are about the Ba people's production, life, and religious beliefs. This shows that in Tibetan historiography, the study of the Ba people is still in the primary stage. The collection of information mainly relies on personal memory and lacks systematic organization; the contents of the literature are mostly about ethnic history, geography, politics, economy, culture and so on, and lack of specialization; the number of literature is small and most of them are transcribed by hand, which cannot reflect the whole picture of the development of the discipline. The existence of these problems seriously affects the service quality of college libraries and restricts the development of college library business.

(4) Accelerated deterioration, loss and extinction of part of the documentation.

Some of the literature in the Kamba Specialized Literature Library is damaged, lost and dying out at a faster pace, and the number of literature in the collection is decreasing, especially the number of important thematic literature is decreasing sharply. The quality of literature in the collection has declined, and some of the literature has serious defects. The utilization rate of the collection of literature is not high, and the efficiency of literature utilization is low. The overall level of the collection of literature is not high, and the quantity and quality of the collection of literature are not compatible with the social demand. In the construction of national major scientific and technological infrastructure, there is a lack of high-quality literature and information resources support. Insufficient investment in the construction of literature resources has made the development of literature resource construction in China slow. At the same time, due to the lack of unified management norms, various departments do not pay enough attention to the management of literature resources, and the sharing mechanism of literature information resources has not yet been established. At the same time, the digitization level of the collection of literature resources is not high, and there are still certain bottlenecks in the digitization construction.

(5) Lack of networking in the construction of documentary resources

The construction of literature resources in the Kangba Characteristic Literature Library has not been networked, and the most prominent thing is the lack of unified planning, and each library is doing its own thing; the second thing is the lack of professional talents, and the lack of systematic management and operation; and the third thing is the lack of professional and technical support, and the lack of scientific methods of protection. Various libraries are operating separately and decentralized among themselves, lacking the consciousness of unified planning and integrated utilization. At the same time, the lack of professional guidance has resulted in the quantity and quality of the collection of documentary resources failing to meet the needs of society.

5. Construction and Development of Local Documentary Resources

(1) Strengthening the professional team of the local literature library

1. Strengthening ideological and political education

The relevant units should be timely and in-depth understanding of the problem of lagging resources in ethnic local universities, comprehensively do a good job of ideological education, strengthen the operational capacity, enhance the level of service, and strive to create a number of excellent library
career team. In addition, also actively carry out different forms of reading exchange activities, in order to constantly enrich their spiritual and cultural way of life, so that they can get pleasure in reading, but also in the interaction to get inspired, in the interaction to get improved. In order to further strengthen the management of the library, standardize the service behavior, and promote the healthy development of the library business specially formulated this provision. First of all, the person in charge of each department must conscientiously perform their duties, strictly abide by the rules and regulations, and shall not change the content of the work without authorization, and shall not delay the progress of work for any reason. Secondly, any adjustment or increase in personnel due to work needs must be approved by the competent leadership and reported to the higher authorities for the record. Furthermore, each department should strengthen internal management, establish and improve all rules and regulations, so as to achieve clear responsibilities, measures in place, strong inspection and strict assessment. Then, all departments should earnestly implement the spirit of the relevant documents of the higher authorities, actively carry out business study, constantly improve the quality of business, and endeavor to complete all work tasks. In particular, they should pay consistent attention from top to bottom, and take effective measures to effectively solve the problems in the construction of specialized libraries in ethnic areas. Party committees and governments at all levels should attach great importance to the construction of professional libraries in ethnic areas and make it an important task. All relevant departments should strengthen coordination and cooperation, form a working force, and jointly promote the construction of professional libraries in ethnic areas. To give full play to the role of libraries in serving the economic and social development of ethnic areas, actively carry out public welfare cultural activities, and constantly improve the quality and level of service. The management system for the construction of specialized libraries in ethnic areas should be further improved.

2. Sound and improved competition system

The construction of talent teams in university libraries in ethnic minority areas should strengthen the construction of competition mechanism, and realize the ladder cultivation of library talents through the establishment of university library talent training mode. At the same time, it is necessary to make full use of modern information technology means to improve the level of library services to serve the needs of all ethnic groups. On this basis, it should further strengthen the cooperation with universities at home and abroad, carry out multi-level and multi-form exchanges and cooperation, and constantly improve its comprehensive quality and service capacity. It can also give full play to their respective advantages through the establishment of academic committees of university libraries, academic alliances and other forms, and jointly promote the development of library undertakings. At the same time, it is also necessary to strengthen the guidance on the construction of university library personnel team, improve the quality of university library staff, each position must have a certain technical standard, and there should be a corresponding training system. At the same time, it is also necessary to pay attention to the training of college library staff's business ability and comprehensive quality, improve their service consciousness and service level, and cultivate a group of high-quality talents with innovative spirit and practical ability. In addition, it is also necessary to further improve the management mechanism of university libraries, strengthen the development and utilization of collection resources, constantly improve the level of service, and strive to provide quality services for all walks of life, but also to actively explore new development modes to adapt to the needs of the development of university libraries under the new situation.

3. Developing a comprehensive awareness of lifelong learning

As a library staff need to fully establish a sense of lifelong learning, and strive to improve their own quality, and constantly enhance the ability to serve the community, through reading books, participate in training and other ways to improve their own quality, and constantly enhance the service consciousness and ability. To this end, the library in the strengthening of the librarian team when the ideological and political quality and business level, and actively carry out various forms of training activities, and constantly improve the librarians, at the same time, the library should also strengthen the contact with all walks of life, and actively carry out various forms of service activities, to provide
readers with quality services. Library staff should have good professional ethics and dedication, love readers, care for readers, respect readers, unite comrades, pioneering and innovative, and strive for the development of the library. In addition, libraries should strengthen their own construction and constantly improve the quality of service to meet the needs of readers.

(2) Improvement of the local literature management system

The construction and development of books in colleges and universities in minority areas should improve the management system of local literature, strengthen the development and utilization of local literature and information resources, improve the service level of local literature, establish and improve the literature database of college libraries and carry out the investigation, arrangement, analysis and evaluation of the collection of literature, so as to provide valuable reference materials for the teaching and research of the school. At the same time, it is also necessary to actively explore the way of using modern information technology means to share the collection of literature resources, in order to meet the needs of school teaching and research. In addition, it is also necessary to strengthen the management of the collection of literature, comprehensively improve the protection system of the collection of literature, and ensure the safe and efficient utilization of the collection of literature. At the same time, it is also necessary to strengthen the utilization of the collection of literature, and improve the utilization rate of the collection of literature by carrying out various forms of literature information service activities.

(3) Enhancing funding and accelerating the collection of local literature

People's governments at all levels should support the construction and development of regional libraries in colleges and universities in minority areas, and provide the necessary financial guarantees for libraries in colleges and universities in minority areas, helping to resolve practical difficulties. Encourage regions and schools with the conditions to set up libraries in minority-minority-area colleges and universities. Social forces are encouraged to set up libraries in colleges and universities in minority areas. This can be done through the establishment of special funds and the purchase of services. Encourage university libraries with conditions to carry out various forms of foreign exchange and cooperation, strengthen academic exchanges with foreign universities, and expand international influence. College libraries are encouraged to explore the digitization of their collections, actively participate in the development of international standards, and improve the utilization rate of their collections.

(4) Enhancement of alliances with local libraries, recommendation for web-based browsing

The establishment and improvement of university libraries in ethnic minority areas cannot be separated from regional library cooperation, which takes the form of building cooperative libraries and collaborative cataloging to jointly promote the development of libraries in ethnic minority areas. At the same time, local governments should actively explore the effective combination of national libraries with teaching, science, education and culture in order to promote the comprehensive development of national libraries. In addition, the government should also increase the financial guidance for the work of ethnic local libraries, support the solution of difficulties and problems in the operation of ethnic libraries, and help the university ethnic library system to apply modern information technology to digitize and network their collections in order to enhance the efficiency of their collections. It supports cooperation between university libraries and social resources, establishes a multi-level and multi-channel resource-sharing mechanism, and promotes exchanges and cooperation between university libraries and all sectors of society.

6. Summary

In general, the construction of professional library teams in ethnic minority areas is an important issue in the current development of China's library business, which involves the construction and development standard of China's library business. For this reason, it is necessary to strengthen the
construction of specialized libraries in ethnic minority areas, improve the quality of their services and promote their sustainable development.

References


